

DAT Notetaker Guide

Hospital name:

Address:

Date of DAT:

Facilitator:

Notetaker:

Members of focus group:

Score inputted to DAT4Burns? Yes/No



Example: Notetaker Guide

Section 3.0 Burn Care Team Sub-Section 3.3: Team Communications

3.0 Burn Care Team
Burn MDT (3)
Clinical Lead (1)
Team Communications (1)
Level of Burn Training (2)
Access to other specialities (1)
Overall staffing capacity (2)

Example questions to discuss and think about.

- We try to have meetings about once a month, but not scheduled.
- Members of the burn team who are on duty that day – depends who is on duty.
- The nurse.
- We don't have meetings to discuss specific patients, we are too busy.
- Some people use WhatsApp.

Score 0
Limited or no regular communication between team members

Score 0.5
Semi-regular communication and decision making

Score 1
Regular communication and scheduled team meetings

Section 1.0 Policies and Procedures

Sub-Section: Referral

1.0 Policies and Procedures

Referral (0)

Transfer (0)

Burn ward/burn
beds (3)

Discharge
planning and
follow up (2)

Burn
management
guidelines (2)

Non survivable
burns and
palliative care
(1)

Operational and
management
issues (2)

Definition: the referral of the care of a patient **from another service** to the service being assessed

NOTES:

There is no score attached.

Section 1.0 Policies and Procedures

Sub-Section: Transfer

1.0 Policies and Procedures

Referral (0)

Transfer (0)

Burn ward/burn
beds (3)

Discharge
planning and
follow up (2)

Burn
management
guidelines (2)

Non survivable
burns and
palliative care
(1)

Operational and
management
issues (2)

Definition: the transfer of the care of a patient **from the service being assessed** to another service.

There is no score attached.

Section 1.0 Policies and Procedures
Sub-Section 1.1 Burn ward/burn beds

1.0 Policies and
Procedures

Referral (0)

Transfer (0)

**Burn
ward/burn
beds (3)**

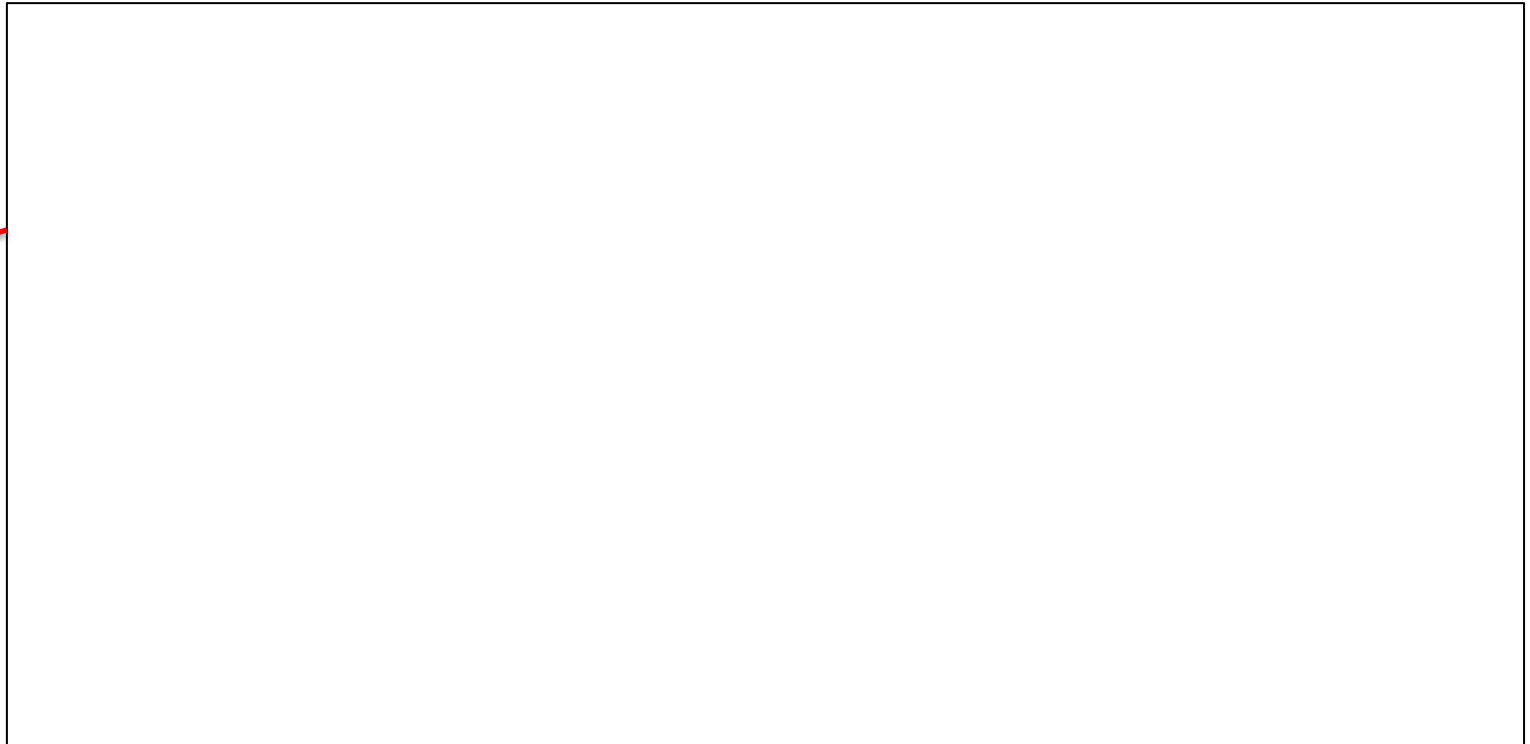
Discharge
planning and
follow up (2)

Burn
management
guidelines (2)

Non survivable
burns and
palliative care
(1)

Operational and
management
issues (2)

Definition: the burn unit is a distinct hospital unit specializing in the treatment of burns. A burn unit is a physically separate ward for the treatment of burns. Burn beds are the number of beds specifically reserved for burn patients.



0

No burn beds,
burn ward or
separate area

0.5

No burn beds
but steps to
address this.

1

Severe
deficiencies in
beds/spaces

1.5

Significant
deficiencies in
bed space

2

Minor
deficiencies in
bed space

3

Sufficient burn
beds and ward
space all year

Section 1.0 Policies and Procedures
Sub-Section 1.2 Follow up

1.0 Policies and
Procedures

Referral (0)

Transfer (0)

Burn ward/burn
beds (3)

**Discharge
planning and
follow up (2)**

Burn
management
guidelines (2)

Non survivable
burns and
palliative care
(1)

Operational and
management
issues (2)

0

No follow up
process

0.5

No process
but steps are
in place

1

Informal
process
followed

1.5

Formal
process,
sometimes
followed

2

Formal
process,
regularly
followed

Section 1.0 Policies and Procedures
Sub-Section 1.3 Burn management guidelines and protocols

1.0 Policies and Procedures

Referral (0)

Transfer (0)

Burn ward/burn beds (3)

Discharge planning and follow up (2)

Burn management guidelines (2)

Non survivable burns and palliative care (1)

Operational and management issues (2)

Definition: Written guidelines that recommend how healthcare professionals should care for people with burn injuries.

Maximum Scoring Scale
2 points

0

No burn management guidelines

0.5

No guidelines but steps in place

1

Informal guidelines followed

1.5

Informal guidelines in place

2

Formal guidelines implemented and followed

Section 1.0 Policies and Procedures
Sub-Section 1.4 Non survivable burns and palliative care

1.0 Policies and
Procedures

Referral (0)

Transfer (0)

Burn ward/burn
beds (3)

Discharge
planning and
follow up (2)

Burn
management
guidelines (2)

**Non survivable
burns and
palliative care
(1)**

Operational and
management
issues (2)

Definition: an approach that improves the quality of life of patients and their families facing the problems associated with life-threatening injury.

0

No specific
palliative care
strategies

0.5

Informal
palliative care
strategies

1

Formal
strategies
regularly
followed

Section 1.0 Policies and Procedures
Sub-Section 1.5 Operational management issues

1.0 Policies and Procedures

Referral (0)

Transfer (0)

Burn ward/burn
beds (3)

Discharge
planning and
follow up (2)

Burn
management
guidelines (2)

Non survivable
burns and
palliative care
(1)

**Operational
and
management
issues (2)**

Definition: examples are - budget issues, authority over recruitment, retention and training of clinical and support staff, effect of organizational or government policies. Any non clinical issues.

0

Severe
operational and
management
issues affecting
delivery

0.5

Severe issues but
steps in place to
address this

1

Significant
operational and
management
issues affecting
delivery

1.5

Significant issues
but steps in place
to address this

2

Staffing level
sufficient for
caseload

Section 2.0 Burn service activities
Sub-Section 2.1 Burn prevention programmes

2.0 Burn service activities

Prevention (4)

Training to other services (3)

Research(3)

Sustainability of key activities(0)

Definition: Primary burn prevention prevents burn injuries from happening and reduces the incidence of burns. This discussion should be wide-ranging to explore the team's understanding of prevention, rather than a narrow definition of the term.

0

No prevention activities

0.5

No activities but steps are in place

1

Semi regular, informal activities

2

Semi regular formal, or regular informal activities

3

Regular formal prevention activities

4

Regular formal activities to a standard programme

Section 2.0 Burn service activities
Sub-Section 2.2 Training to other services

2.0 Burn service activities

Prevention (4)

Training to other services (3)

Research(3)

Sustainability of key activities(0)

Definition: A wide ranging exploration of any and all forms of training, or teaching different team members have been involved in, including informal and 'on the job' training. Interburns Operational Standards recommend training from higher levels to lower-level services.



Section 2.0 Burn service activities
Sub-Section 2.3 Research activities

2.0 Burn service activities

Prevention (4)

Training to other services (3)

Research(3)

Sustainability of key activities(0)

Definition: This should be a wide-ranging discussion exploring the team's understanding of research from small scale projects to larger formal projects.

0	0.5	1	2	3
No research activities	No research activities but steps are in place	Limited research activities by individual staff	Regular research by staff but lack of coordination/ funding	Regular research by staff with high level of coordination/ funding

Section 2.0 Burn service activities
Sub-Section 2.4 Sustainability of key activities

2.0 Burn service activities
Prevention (4)
Training to other services (3)
Research(3)
Sustainability of key activities(0)



No score attached, but very important to note down the teams thoughts.

Section 3.0 Burn care team
Sub-Section 3.1 Burn multi-disciplinary team (MDT)

3.0 Burn care team

Burn multi-disciplinary team (3)

Definition: the MDT involves health care professionals from different disciplines, working together to deliver comprehensive and effective patient care.

Core roles: Medical and Nursing
Ancillary support: Physiotherapist, Occupational Therapist, Dietician, Psychosocial (either in team or external).

Clinical lead (1)

Team communication (1)

Level of burn training (2)

Access to other specialities (1)

Overall staffing capacity (2)

0

No regular burn MDT

0.5

Key medical/nursing staff but low in numbers or training

1

Key medical/nursing staff but some deficiencies

1.5

Key medical/nursing staff but lack ancillary support

2.0

Key medical/nursing plus some ancillary support

2.5

Key medical/nursing plus enough ancillary support

3

Complete MDT including all disciplines

Section 3.0 Burn care team

Sub-Section 3.2 Clinical lead

3.0 Burn care team

Burn multi disciplinary team (3)

Clinical lead (1)

Team communication (1)

Level of burn training (2)

Access to other specialities (1)

Overall staffing capacity (2)

Definition: Clinical lead is the head of the burn service and the one who has responsibility in the event of failure or error.

0

No clinical lead or clinical lead lacks burn experience or training

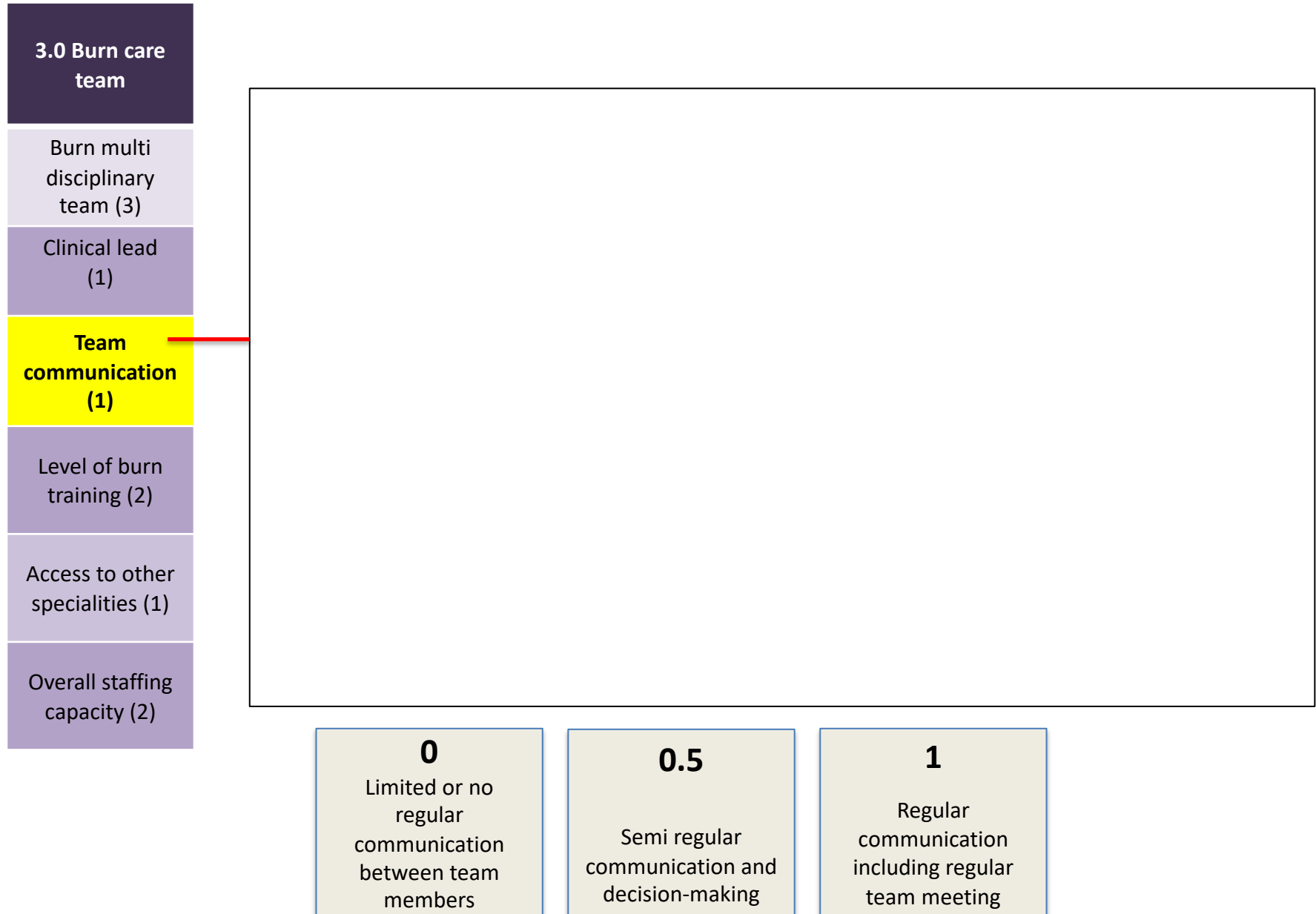
0.5

Clinical lead with limited training experience

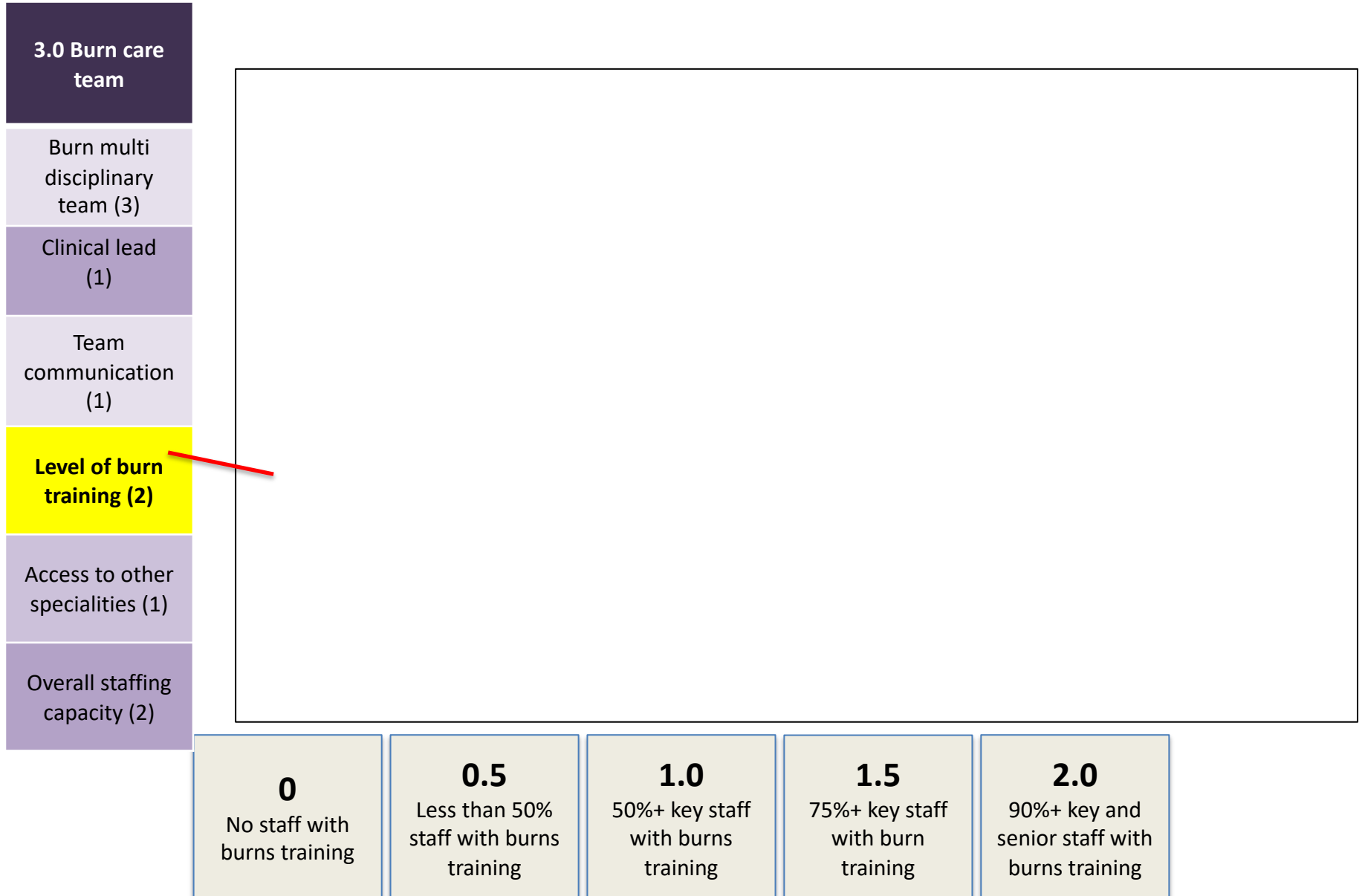
1

Clinical lead with burn training and experience in burn care

Section 3.0 Burn care team
Sub-Section 3.3 Team communication



Section 3.0 Burn care team
Sub-Section 3.4 Level of burn training



Section 3.0 Burn care team
Sub-Section 3.5 Access to other specialities

3.0 Burn care team

Definition: See Interburns *Operational Standards for Burn Care* for more information on team specialities.

Burn multi disciplinary team (3)

Clinical lead (1)

Team communication (1)

Level of burn training (2)

Access to other specialities (1)

Overall staffing capacity (2)

0

Lack access to the majority of key specialities

0.5

Lack access to some key specialities

1

Access to all key specialities

Section 3.0 Burn care team
Sub-Section 3.6 Overall staffing capacity

3.0 Burn care team

Definition: capacity should be integrated into the wider discussion about the team, its training and experience.

Burn multi disciplinary team (3)

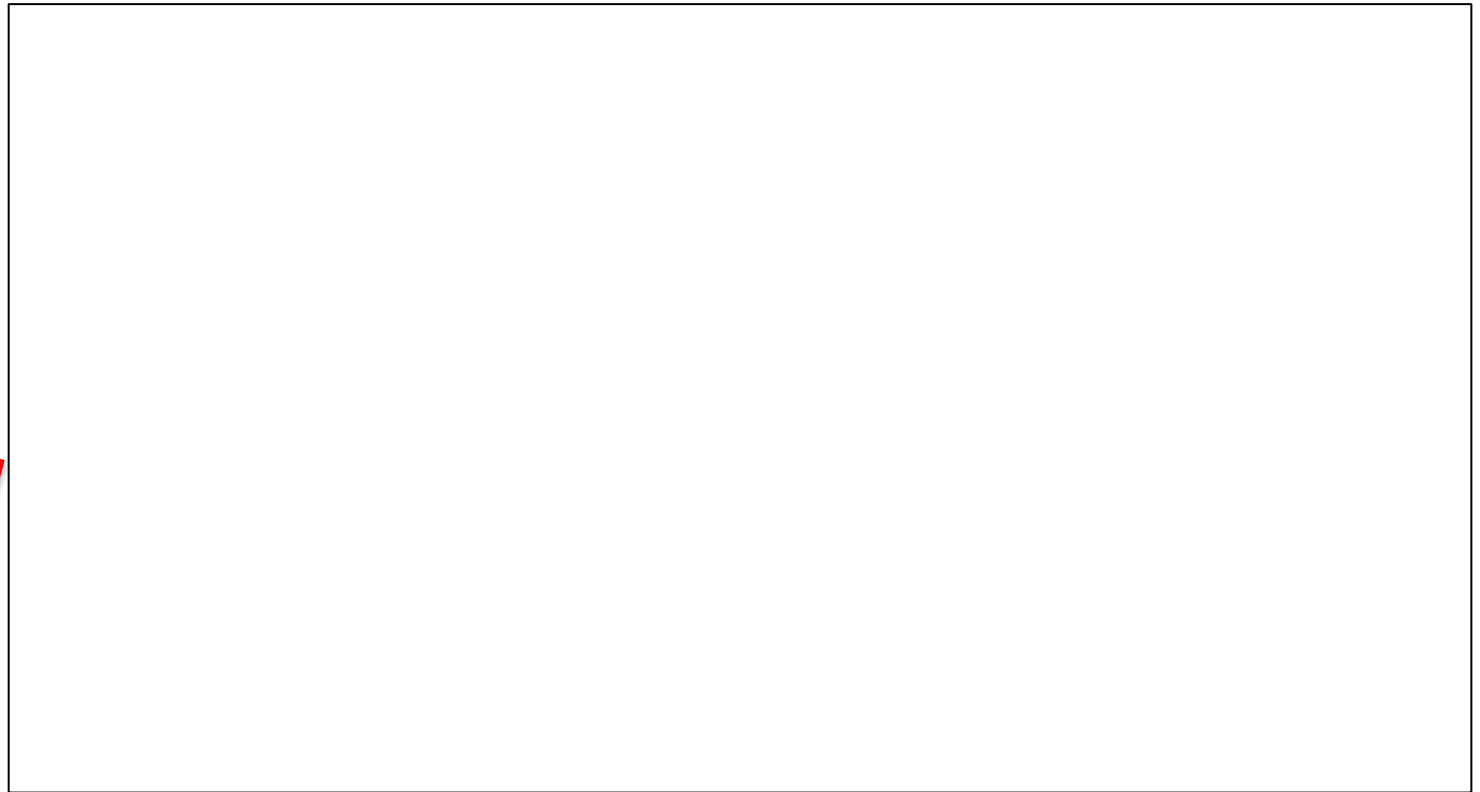
Clinical lead (1)

Team communication (1)

Level of burn training (2)

Access to other specialities (1)

Overall staffing capacity (2)



0

Severe deficiencies in staffing compared to patient case load (impact on care is severe)

0.5

Significant deficiencies in staffing compared to caseload (impact on care is significant)

1.0

Moderate deficiencies in staffing (moderate impact on care)

1.5

Minor deficiencies in staffing (minor impact on care)

2

Staffing levels sufficient for caseload (no impact on care)

Section 4.0 Surgery
Sub-Section 4.1 Emergency Surgery

4.0 Surgery

Emergency
surgery (2)

Early excision
and skin
grafting (4)

Burn
reconstructive
surgery (2)

Surgical
capacity (2)

Definition: Emergency Care is medical or health treatment provided to an injured person for a sudden onset of a medical condition where failure to give immediate care would result in the patient's deterioration.

0

Not delivering
emergency surgery

0.5

Not delivering
emergency surgery
but steps are in
place to address this

1.0

Delivering emergency
surgery to a limited
degree

1.5

Delivering emergency
surgery to a majority of
patients requiring it

2

Delivering emergency
surgery to all patients
requiring it

Section 4.0 Surgery

Sub-Section 4.2 Early excision and skin grafting

4.0 Surgery

Emergency
surgery (2)

**Early excision
and skin
grafting (4)**

Burn
reconstructive
surgery (2)

Surgical
capacity (2)

Definition: **Early excision** is operative excision within 7 days post burn injury. **Skin grafting** is where skin is used to cover an area where the patient's skin has been lost due to a burn, typically from one part of the body to another.

0

Not delivering
excision and skin
grafting

0.5

Not delivering
excision and skin
grafting; steps in
place

1.0

Delivering excision
and skin grafting to
a limited degree

2.0

Delivering excision
and skin grafting to
some patients

3.0

Delivering skin
grafting to the
majority of patients

4.0

Delivering excision
and grafting to all
patients requiring it

Section 4.0 Surgery
Sub-Section 4.3 Burn reconstructive surgery

4.0 Surgery

Definition: Burn reconstructive surgery is only expected at *Advanced- level burn services* in the Operational Standards.

Emergency
surgery (2)

Early excision
and skin
grafting (4)

**Burn
reconstructive
surgery (2)**

Surgical
capacity (2)



0

Not delivering
reconstructive
surgery

0.5

Not delivering
recon surgery but
steps in place

1.0

Delivering recon
surgery to a limited
degree

1.5

Delivering recon
surgery to the
majority of patients

2

Delivering recon
surgery to all
patients requiring it

Section 4.0 Surgery
Sub-Section 4.4 Surgical capacity

4.0 Surgery

Emergency
surgery (2)

Early excision
and skin
grafting (4)

Burn
reconstructive
surgery (2)

**Surgical
capacity (2)**

Definition: surgical capacity should be integrated into the wider discussion about the team, its training and experience.

0

Severe
deficiencies
In surgical /
anaesthetic
staffing

0.5

Significant
deficiencies in
surgical /
anaesthetic
staffing

1.0

Moderate
deficiencies in
surgical /
anaesthetic
staffing

1.5

Minor
deficiencies in
surgical /
anaesthetic
staffing

2.0

Sufficient
surgical /
anaesthetic
staffing

Section 5.0 Nursing
Sub-Section 5.1 Infection control

5.0 Nursing

Infection
control (3)

Paediatric
care(2)

Dressings and
wound care (3)

Nursing capacity
(2)



0

Little or no
effective
infection control

0.5

Significant
deficiencies in
infection control

1.0

Moderate
deficiencies in
infection control

2.0

Minor
deficiencies in
infection control

3.0

No significant
deficiencies in
infection control

Section 5.0 Nursing
Sub-Section 5.2 Paediatric care

5.0 Nursing

Infection control
(3)

Paediatric
care(2)

Dressings and
wound care (3)

Nursing capacity
(2)

0

Staff not aware of
need and not
trained

1.0

Some staff aware of
and trained in
paediatric specific
treatment

3.0

All staff aware of
and trained in
paediatric specific
treatment

Section 5.0 Nursing
Sub-Section 5.4 Nursing capacity

5.0 Nursing

Infection control
(3)

Paediatric
care(2)

Dressings and
wound care (3)

Nursing capacity
(2)

0

Severe
deficiencies in
nursing staffing

0.5

Significant
deficiencies in
nursing staffing

1.0

Moderate
deficiencies in
nursing staffing

1.5

Minor
deficiencies in
nursing staffing

2

Sufficient nursing
staffing

Section 6.0 Treatment
Sub-Section 6.1 Pain management

6.0 Treatment

Definition: Pain management is the process of providing medical care that alleviates or reduces pain.

Pain
management
(3)

Emergency
care(2)

Critical care (2)

Fluid
resuscitation
(1)

Nutrition (2)

0

Little or no
effective pain
control

1

Limited access to
pain control

2

Moderate access
to pain control

3

Good access to
pain control

Section 6.0 Treatment
Sub-Section 6.2 Emergency care

6.0 Treatment

Pain
management
(3)

Emergency
care(2)

Critical care (2)

Fluid
resuscitation
(1)

Nutrition (2)

Definition: Medical or health treatment given to an injured person for a sudden onset of a medical condition where failure to give immediate care would result in their medical condition.

0

Unable to deliver
effective
emergency care

0.5

Not delivering
but steps are in
place to address
this

1.0

Delivering
emergency care
to a limited
degree

1.5

Delivering to the
majority of
patients needing
it

2.0

Delivering
emergency care
to all patients
needing it

Section 6.0 Treatment
Sub-Section 6.3 Critical care

6.0 Treatment

Definition: the specialized care of patients whose conditions are life-threatening and requiring comprehensive care and constant monitoring.

Pain
management
(3)

Emergency
care(2)

Critical care (2)

Fluid
resuscitation
(1)

Nutrition (2)

0

Unable to deliver
effective critical
care

0.5

Not delivering
but steps are in
place to address
this

1.0

Delivering critical
care to a limited
degree

1.5

Delivering to the
majority of
patients needing
it

2

Delivering critical
care to all
patients needing
it

Section 6.0 Treatment
Sub-Section 6.4 Fluid resuscitation

6.0 Treatment

Pain
management
(3)

Emergency
care(2)

Critical care (2)

**Fluid
resuscitation
(1)**

Nutrition (2)

0

Very few staff
confident in
assessing/
calculating fluid
resuscitation?

0.5

Some staff
confident in
assessing fluid
resuscitation

1

All staff
confident in
assessing fluid
resuscitation

Section 6.0 Treatment
Sub-Section 6.5 Nutrition

6.0 Treatment

Pain
management
(3)

Emergency
care(2)

Critical care (2)

Fluid
resuscitation
(1)

Nutrition (2)

0

Unable to deliver
effective
nutrition to burn
patients

0.5

Not delivering
but steps are in
place

1.0

Delivering
nutrition to a
limited degree

1.5

Delivering
nutrition to a
majority of
patients needing
it

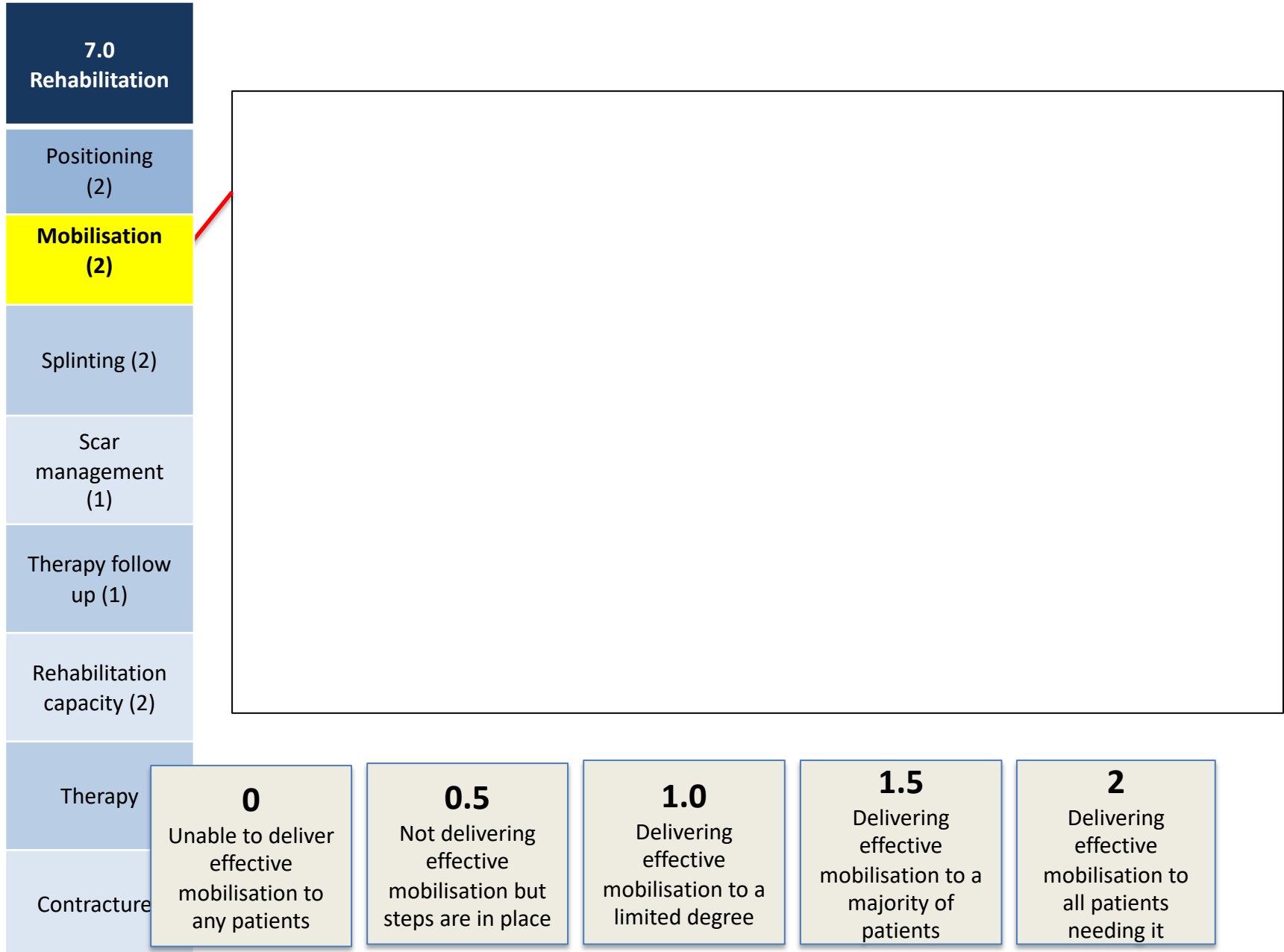
2.0

Delivering
nutrition to all
patients needing
it

Section 7.0 Rehabilitation
Sub-Section 7.1 Anti contracture positioning

7.0 Rehabilitation					
Positioning (2)					
Mobilisation (2)					
Splinting (2)					
Scar management (1)					
Therapy follow up (1)					
Rehabilitation capacity (2)					
Therapy					
Contracture					
	0 Unable to deliver effective anti contracture positioning	0.5 Not delivering but steps are in place	1.0 Delivering anti contracture positioning to a limited degree	1.5 Delivering effective positioning to a majority of patients	2.0 Delivering effective positioning to all patients needing it

Section 7.0 Rehabilitation
Sub-Section 7.2 Mobilisation



Section 7.0 Rehabilitation
Sub-Section 7.3 Splinting

7.0 Rehabilitation					
Positioning (2)					
Mobilisation (2)					
Splinting (2)					
Scar management (1)					
Therapy follow up (1)					
Rehabilitation capacity (2)					
Therapy					
Contracture					
	0 Unable to deliver effective splinting to any patients	0.5 Not delivering effective splinting but steps are in place	1 Delivering effective splinting to a limited degree	1.5 Delivering effective splinting to a majority of patients	2 Delivering effective splinting to all patients needing it

Section 7.0 Rehabilitation
Sub-Section 7.4 Scar management

7.0 Rehabilitation			
Positioning (2)			
Mobilisation (2)			
Splinting (2)			
Scar management (1)			
Therapy follow up (1)			
Rehabilitation capacity (2)			
Therapy			
Contractures			
	0 Not delivering effective scar management or to a limited degree	0.5 Delivering effective scar management to a moderate degree	1 Delivering effective scar management to a majority of patients

Section 7.0 Rehabilitation
Sub-Section 7.5 Therapy follow up

7.0 Rehabilitation			
Positioning (2)			
Mobilisation (2)			
Splinting (2)			
Scar management (1)			
Therapy follow up (1)			
Rehabilitation capacity (2)			
Therapy			
Contractures			

0
Not delivering
effective therapy
follow up or to a
limited degree

0.5
Delivering
effective therapy
follow up to a
moderate degree

1
Delivering
effective therapy
follow up to the
majority of
patients

Section 7.0 Rehabilitation
Sub-Section 7.6 Physical rehabilitation capacity

7.0 Rehabilitation					
Positioning (2)					
Mobilisation (2)					
Splinting (2)					
Scar management (1)					
Therapy follow up (1)					
Rehabilitation capacity (2)					
Therapy					
Contracture					
	0 Severe deficiencies in therapy staffing (severe impact)	0.5 Significant deficiencies in therapy staffing (significant impact)	1.0 Moderate deficiencies in therapy staffing (moderate impact)	1.5 Minor deficiencies in therapy staff (minor impact)	2.0 Sufficient therapy staffing (no impact on care)

Section 7.0 Rehabilitation
Sub-Section: Access to therapy

7.0
Rehabilitation

Definition: Restoring the patient's mobility and ability to return to their daily life post-injury

Positioning
(2)

Mobilisation
(2)

Splinting (2)

Scar
management
(1)

Therapy follow
up (1)

Rehabilitation
capacity (2)

Therapy

Contractures

Section 7.0 Rehabilitation

Sub-Section: Contractures

7.0 Rehabilitation

Positioning
(2)

Mobilisation
(2)

Splinting (2)

Scar
management
(1)

Therapy follow
up (1)

Rehabilitation
capacity (2)

Therapy

Contractures

Definition: a contracture is the tightening of the skin after the 2nd or 3rd degree burn. When skin is burned, the surrounding skin begins to pull together, resulting in a contracture. It needs to be treated as soon as possible because the scar can result in restriction of movement around the injured area.

Section 8.0 Patient Support
Sub-Section 8.1: Financial support

8.0
Patient support

**Financial
support**
(3)

Social work and
legal support (2)

Psychosocial
support (3)

Support for
consumables (2)

0

Service is not
providing
financial support

0.5

No financial
support but steps
in place

1.0

Service provides
a limited degree
of financial
support

2.0

Providing
significant
financial support
to some

3.0

Providing
significant
support to the
majority of
patients

Section 8.0 Patient Support
Sub-Section 8.2: Social work and legal support

8.0 Patient support	
Financial support (3)	
Social work and legal support (2)	
Psychosocial support (3)	
Support for consumables (2)	

0	0.5	1	1.5	2
Little or no access to social work and/or legal support	Little or no access but steps in place	Limited access to social work and/or legal support	Majority able to access social work and/or legal support	Almost all able to access social support and/or legal work

Section 8.0 Patient Support
Sub-Section 8.3: Psychosocial support

8.0
Patient support

Definition: Psychosocial care is care to address the psychological needs of burn patients and the social factors affecting them post injury. Ask the team to define their understanding of psychosocial care.

Financial
support
(3)

Social work and
legal support (2)

Psychosocial
support (3)

Support for
consumables (2)

0

Service is
providing no
psychosocial
support

0.5

No psychosocial
support but steps
in place

1.0

Limited number
of patients able
to access

2.0

Majority able to
access
psychosocial
support

3.0

Almost all able to
access
psychosocial
support

Section 8.0 Patient Support
Sub-Section 8.4: Support and consumables

8.0
Patient support

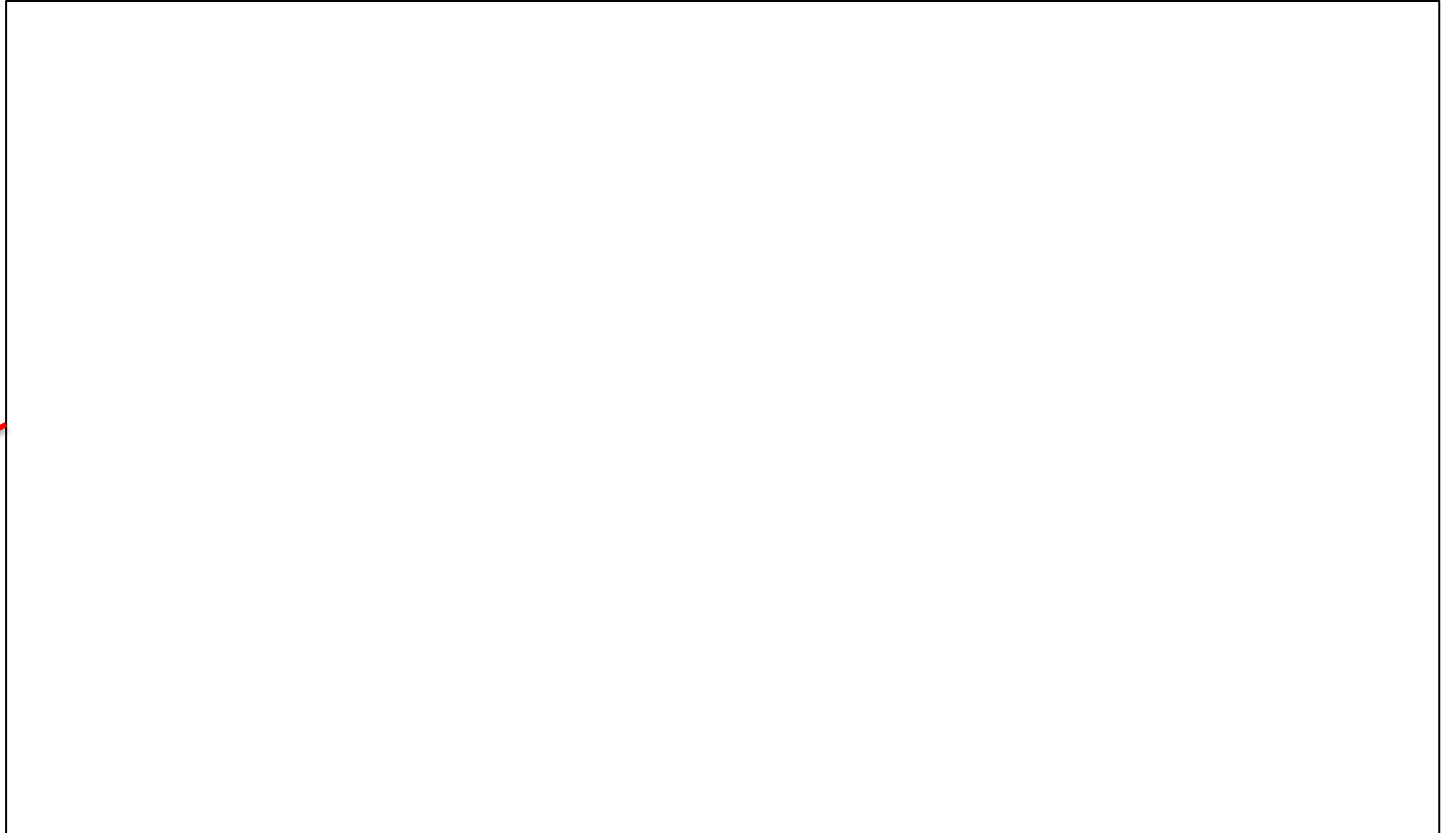
Financial
support
(3)

Social work and
legal support (2)

Psychosocial
support (3)

Support for
consumables
(2)

Definition: Support for resources and consumables necessary for treating burn patients.



0

Severe lack of
support for
consumables
(impact on care is
severe)

0.5

Significant lack of
support for
consumables
(impact is
significant)

1.0

Moderate lack in
support for
consumables

1.5

Minor lack in
support for
consumables

2.0

Support for
consumables
enough for
caseload.

Section 9.0 Patient Outcomes and Data Management
Sub-Section 9.1: Documentation

9.0
Patient
Outcomes and
Data
Management

Documentation
(2)

Data collection /
Management(2)

QI/Audit(1)

Mortality/
morbidity
data(1)

Patient
Reported
Outcome
Measures (1)

Patient
Reported
Experience
Measures (1)

Outcomes and
data capacity
(2)

0

No effective
documentation
and record
keeping

0.5

Documentation
and record
keeping
implemented but
major gaps

1.0

Documentation
and record
keeping
implemented but
many gaps

1.5

Consistently
strong with
minor gaps

2.0

Strong with no
gaps

Section 9.0 Patient Outcomes and Data Management
Sub-Section 9.2: Data Collection and Management

9.0 Patient Outcomes and Data Management
Documentation (2)
Data collection / Management(2)
QI/Audit(1)
Mortality/ morbidity data(1)
Patient Reported Outcome Measures (1)
Patient Reported Experience Measures (1)
Outcomes and data capacity (2)



0 No effective data collection	0.5 Limited data collection but steps in place	1.0 Data collection implemented but major gaps	1.5 Consistent data collection with minor gaps	2.0 Strong data collection with no gaps
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Section 9.0 Patient Outcomes and Data Management

Sub-Section 9.3: Quality Improvement and Audit

9.0 Patient Outcomes and Data Management

Documentation
(2)

Data collection /
Management(2)

QI/Audit(1)

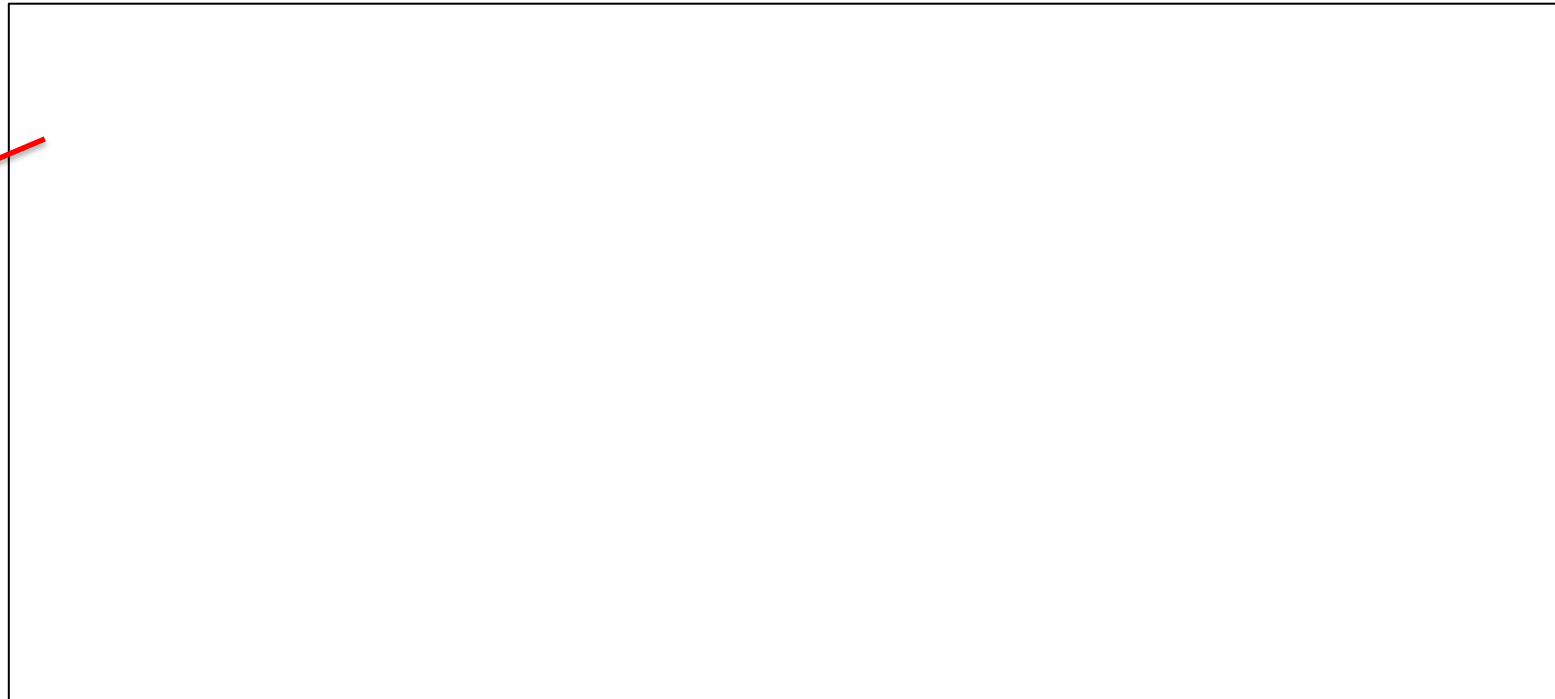
Mortality/
morbidity
data(1)

Patient
Reported
Outcome
Measures (1)

Patient
Reported
Experience
Measures (1)

Outcomes and
data capacity
(2)

Definition: Ask the team to define their understanding of QI. Audit in healthcare is used by health professionals to assess, evaluate and improve patient care in a systematic way. QI is about making healthcare safer, effective and patient centred, timely, efficient and equitable.



0

No QI or audit
activities

0.5

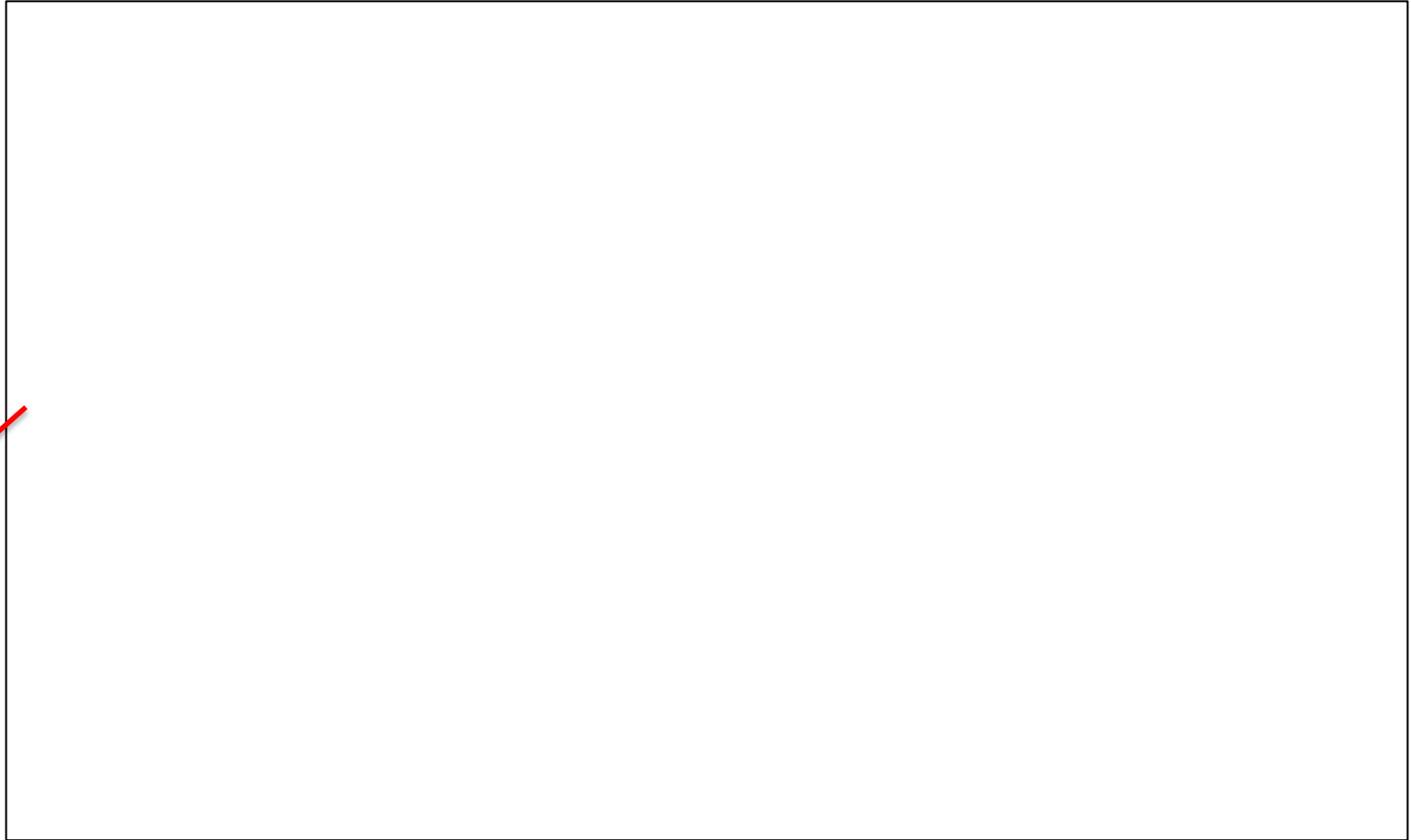
Limited or
irregular QI and
audit activities

1

Implementing
regular QI and
audit activities

Section 9.0 Patient Outcomes and Data Management
Sub-Section 9.4: Mortality/Morbidity Data

9.0 Patient Outcomes and Data Management
Documentation (2)
Data collection / Management(2)
QI/Audit(1)
Mortality/ morbidity data(1)
Patient Reported Outcome Measures (1)
Patient Reported Experience Measures (1)
Outcomes and data capacity (2)



0
Not collecting
mortality and
morbidity data

0.5
Irregular or
limited
collection of M+
M data

1
Regular
consistent
collection of M +
M data

Section 9.0 Patient Outcomes and Data Management
Sub-Section 9.5: Patient Reported Outcome Measures (PROMs)

9.0
Patient
Outcomes and
Data
Management

Documentation
(2)

Data collection /
Management(2)

QI/Audit(1)

Mortality/
morbidity
data(1)

**Patient
Reported
Outcome
Measures (1)**

Patient
Reported
Experience
Measures (1)

Outcomes and
data capacity
(2)

Definition: Patient-reported outcome measures (PROMs) are questionnaires measuring the *patients' views of their health status*.



0

Not
implementing
any PROMs

0.5

Limited
implementation
of PROMs

1

Regular
implementation
of PROMs

Section 9.0 Patient Outcomes and Data Management
Sub-Section 9.6: Patient Reported Experience Measures (PREMs)

9.0
Patient
Outcomes and
Data
Management

Documentation
(2)

Data collection /
Management(2)

QI/Audit(1)

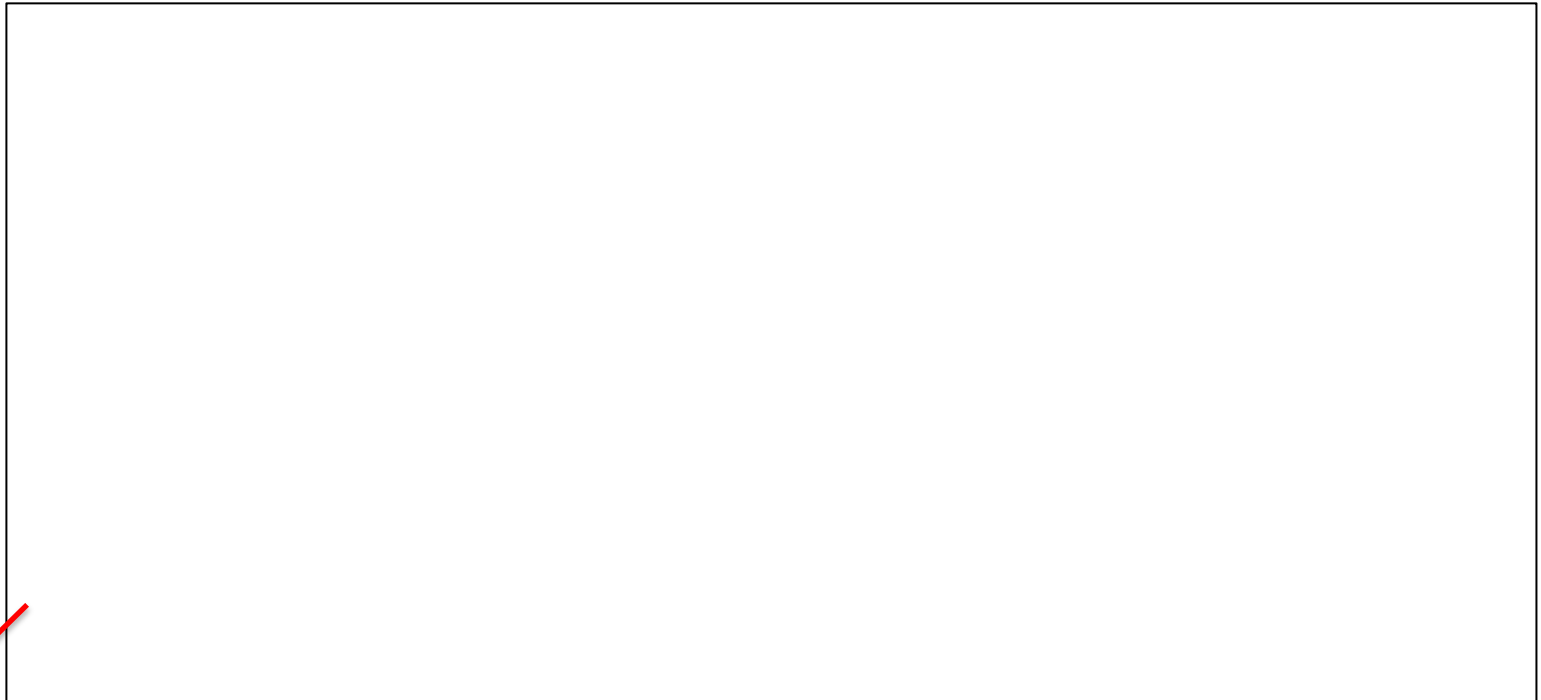
Mortality/
morbidity
data(1)

Patient
Reported
Outcome
Measures (1)

**Patient
Reported
Experience
Measures (1)**

Outcomes and
data capacity
(2)

Definition: Patient-reported experience measures (PREMs) are questionnaires measuring the *patients' perceptions of their experience while receiving care*.



0

Not
implementing
any PREMs

0.5

Limited
implementation
of PREMs

1

Regular
implementation
of PREMs

Section 9.0 Patient Outcomes and Data Management
Sub-Section 9.7: Capacity for Data and Outcomes Collection

9.0 Patient Outcomes and Data Management
Documentation (2)
Data collection / Management(2)
QI/Audit(1)
Mortality/ morbidity data(1)
Patient Reported Outcome Measures (1)
Patient Reported Experience Measures (1)
Outcomes and data capacity (2)



0	0.5	1	1.5	2
Severe lack in data collection capacity (impact is severe)	Significant lack in capacity (impact is significant) any PREMs	Moderate lack in capacity (impact is moderate)	Minor lack in capacity (impact is minor)	No lack in data collection capacity (no impact)

1	Standardised paper or electronic data registry	Yes	No
2	Burn assessment chart	Yes	No
3	Burn admission pro-forma	Yes	No
4	Stethoscope	Yes	No
5	Blood pressure cuff	Yes	No
6	Guedel airway	Yes	No
7	Bag and Mask	Yes	No
8	IV fluids	Yes	No
9	IV canulae	Yes	No
10	Telephone	Yes	No
11	Access to transport – taxi, rickshaw, ambulance	Yes	No
12	Analgesia – oral/IM/IV	Yes	No
13	Access to chronic pain support	Yes	No
14	Antiseptic fluids – iodine / betadine /	Yes	No
15	Topical antimicrobials – what	Yes	No
16	Simple dressings - what	Yes	No
17	POP	Yes	No

Intermediate
level 1-41

18	Laryngoscope	Yes	No
19	Suction	Yes	No
20	Bougie	Yes	No
21	Endotracheal tubes	Yes	No
22	O2 supply – cylinder / concentrator / piped?	Yes	No
23	Ventilator	Yes	No
24	Central line kit	Yes	No
25	Basic surgical set	Yes	No
26	Operating theatre	Yes	No
27	Specific ward or area for burn patients	Yes	No
28	Watson / Humby knife	Yes	No
29	Mesher	Yes	No
30	Rehabilitation equipment	Yes	No
31	Splints	Yes	No
32	Laboratory support	Yes	No
33	Blood transfusion facility	Yes	No
34	NG tubes	Yes	No

Intermediate level 1-41

35	Nutritional supplements	Yes	No
36	Dedicated Physio therapy area	Yes	No
37	Dedicated physio therapy equipment	Yes	No
38	Play area for children	Yes	No
39	Lap top or desk top computer	Yes	No
40	Printer	Yes	No
41	Flip chart	Yes	No

Intermediate level 1-41

42	Designated critical care area	Yes	No
43	Dedicated burns theatre	Yes	No
44	Digital camera	Yes	No
45	Projector	Yes	No
46	Lecture theatre/seminar room	Yes	No
47	IT equipment	Yes	No
48	Reliable internet access	Yes	No
49	Data management software	Yes	No
50	Data collection support	Yes	No
51	Library	Yes	No
52	Administrative support	Yes	No

Advanced level 1-52